

# OJA Obedience Judges Association Inc

## Continuous Improvement

### QUESTIONNAIRE 3

#### Instructions:

There is no time limit allotted to this examination, and candidates are permitted to refer to the Dogs New Zealand Obedience Regulations. It is recommended however, that you attempt this examination without discussion with another person, as this will provide you with a clearer perception, and more accurate measure of your own skills.

Please read all the questions carefully.

Questions are of a Multi-Choice; True/False, or Yes/No type.

Please indicate the most accurate answer by either circling the appropriate option letter in the case of Multi-Choice answers, or your Answer to True/False and Yes/No questions.

For example: Dogs have...

- (a) Two legs.
- (b) Three legs.
- (c) Four legs.
- (d) No legs.

Union.

The Obedience Judges Association is registered with the Combined Trades

True/ False

A handler enters the ring wearing nothing but their number. Has a fault occurred?

Yes/No

Upon completion of this examination, please email to:  
OJA Assessor Coordinator

Once received and marked, you will be informed of your results.

**NB: Please ensure that you provide your name.**

**Name:**

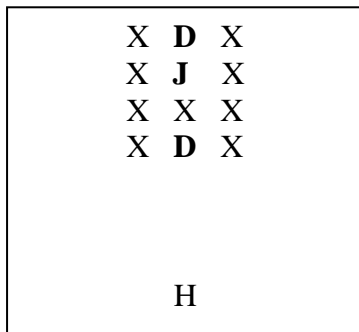
**Email/postal address** (for return of results):

- 1) A competitor when entering the ring to complete their heel work etc. displays the following numbers – 15 and 26. You should:
  - (a) Refuse to judge.
  - (b) Carry on as you know the second number refers to the handler's other dog.
  - (c) Ask the handler to remove one of the numbers.
  
- 2) A judge may arrange their own steward in the following circumstances:
  - (a) When they have organized it with the steward in question.
  - (b) When they have rung the President of the Club the night before the show.
  - (c) When written approval is given by the organizing Club at the time of contract confirmation.
  
- 3) Who can be an obedience stay judge?
  - (a) A judge that is on the panel to which they will be officiating the stays.
  - (b) A senior handler in another test.
  - (c) The steward.
  - (d) Any person currently listed on the Dogs New Zealand Obedience Judges panel.
  
- 4) At the conclusion of judging a test the judging sheet should:
  - (a) Be signed by the Judge and Steward and handed to the Test Manager.
  - (b) Be signed by the Judge and Steward and handed to the Club Secretary.
  - (c) Be signed by the Judge and Steward and handed to the Club President.
  
- 5) The stays for Test C were at a pre-arranged time one hour after the test had started. The competitors had been previously notified. The stays should be:
  - (a) Run in the same ring as the Test.
  - (b) Run in a separate ring.
  - (c) None of the above.
  
- 6) A handler carries into the ring a squeaky toy to motivate the dog. The judge should:
  - (a) Disqualify the dog.
  - (b) Allow it because the dog is needing motivation but deduct all the points.
  - (c) Allow it but only award the handler some points.

7) What size is allowable for the handler's scent cloth in Test A?

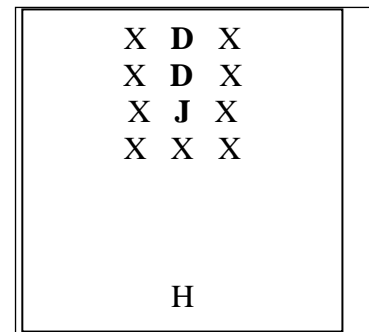
- (a) 150 mm x 175 mm
- (b) 250 mm x 150 mm
- (c) 145 mm x 250 mm

8) In Test C which of the following Scent patterns is unacceptable? X = plain cloth, D = decoy, J = judge's cloth. H = handler



a)

(b)



(c)

9) Which of the following combination turns at fast pace are acceptable:

- (a) Double About Turn
- (b) Double Left About Turn
- (c) About turn, right turn
- (d) None of the above**

10) In the following scenario for the Test B scent how many **FAULTS** has the judge spotted?

The dog trots out to get the scent cloth. It sniffs all the cloths. It then mouths the cloth as it trots back, slows to a walk before it reaches the handler and sits slightly crooked. The handler gives the command "wait" as a release command for the dog. The dog stops and looks at something while finishing. It sits straight.

- (a) Three faults
- (b) Four faults
- (c) Five faults
- (d) None of the above

11) In Test C scent when should the decoy stewards take their decoy cloths?

- (a) When the judge is ready and is giving the handler the scent cloth.
- (b) As the handler enters the ring.
- (c) When the judge says so.

12) The maximum number of dogs a judge may judge at a ribbon trial in one day is:

- (a) 60.
- (b) 50.
- (c) 40.

13) If a judge is invited to judge overseas the judge may:

- (a) Accept the appointment.
- (b) Accept the appointment with prior approval of the Region Rep.
- (c) Accept the appointment with prior approval of the Dog Obedience Committee.
- (d) Accept the appointment with prior approval of Dogs New Zealand.

14) A judge makes a mistake on the judging sheet. They should:

- (a) Cross it out and put in the correct score.
- (b) Use an eraser to keep things nice and neat.
- (c) Initial the alteration.
- (d) Initial the alteration, and put in the time and date the alteration was made.

15) When isn't a judge's decision final?

- (a) When a handler disagrees with the mark they were given.
- (b) When there is miscalculation.
- (c) None of the above.

16) In Test C if the handler achieves full marks for their scent they are awarded:

- (a) 30 points.
- (b) 40 points.
- (c) 50 points.

17) A handler produces a certificate showing that footwear for a dog is a veterinary requirement. Is this allowed:

Yes/No

18) When a dog is entering or leaving the ring for its individual exercises it must be:

- (a) On a lead.
- (b) Held by the collar/choker.
- (c) In the heel position.
- (d) Any of the above.

- 19) In distance control what happens if the dog fails to achieve the correct position:
- (a) The handler must give additional commands until the dog achieves the correct position.
  - (b) The handler must return the dog to the original position and then give additional commands until the dog achieves the correct position.
  - (c) None of the above.
- 20) If a dog fouled the ring between exercises what points would you deduct?
- (a) 20 points
  - (b) Deduct 50% of points from the previous exercise
  - (c) 30 points from the total score
  - (d) deduct no points
- 21) In Distant Control the handler gives the dog the command to sit. The dog remains standing. The handler gives another command for the dog to sit. It does. How many points should be deducted?
- (a) 6 points
  - (b) 8 points
  - (c) 4 points
  - (d) Up to 4 points
- 22) The required distance that a handler should walk before facing his dog in the Distance Control is
- (a) at the judge's discretion
  - (b) no less than 8 paces
  - (c) between 6 and 10 paces
  - (d) no less than 10 paces
- 23) In Test C stay distractions the judge
- (a) May discharge fireworks
  - (b) May use commands normally employed preparatory to the commencement of the exercise
  - (c) May use an umbrella but must be opened in front of the dogs at a point equidistant from all dogs
  - (d) May jump or run over dogs

- 24) In which case in the Test C Scent, would you deduct all points?
- (a) When a command is given in the scent area
  - (b) The dog brings two cloths out of the scent area
  - (c) The dog comes out of the scent area and drops the cloth on the way back and presents in front of the handler without the cloth at 61 seconds.
  - (d) All of the above.
- 25) What points would you deduct in the Test C Scent where the dog goes into the scent area, picks up a sterile cloth, comes out of the scent area, drops the cloth then returns to retrieve the correct cloth and complete the exercise?
- (a) deduct all points
  - (b) deduct half points
  - (c) deduct 2 points for bringing wrong cloth out of scent area
  - (d) deduct 4 points for bringing out wrong cloth and for dropping it.
- 26) When may the scent precede stays?
- (a) Only with the consent of those entered in the test
  - (b) Only when it is advertised in the Show schedule
  - (c) To ensure the smooth running of the Tests at the Test Manager's discretion
  - (d) To ensure the smooth running of the Tests at the Judge's discretion
- 27) When may a judge stop judging and ask the competitor to leave the ring?
- (a) When the handler gives extra commands in Test C.
  - (b) When the handler is not competing seriously and/or not following the steward's commands.
  - (c) The handler manually places their dog.
  - (d) All of the above.
- 28) What is the correct definition of a "Command"?
- (a) Talking to dog by handler, snapping the fingers, slapping the side, stamping the feet or whistling.
  - (b) Talking to dog by handler only.
  - (c) Head and body movements in Special Beginners and Novice.

- 29) What **FAULTS** have been observed by the judge in the following scenario? The handler sets their dog up for the sendaway and while holding the collar gives the dog the command to sendaway. The dog goes out half way and stops and looks back. The handler gives another command for the dog to send. The dog obeys but starts to go down before the handler commands it. It is one pace away from the sendaway area. The handler calls the dog's name, says heel and uses a simultaneous command for the pick up. At the end the dog does not sit until the handler gives an extra command.
- (a) Seven
  - (b) Six
  - (c) Five
  - (d) Four
- 30) Walking the course. Which statement is the **most correct** when the steward calls the course before the commencement of a test.
- (a) The judge is the only person who can walk the course.
  - (b) Another person not entered in that test and nominated by the judge can walk the course.
  - (c) A dog may accompany the person walking the course.